

Specification of the LHC BPM System

# *LHC-BPM-ES-0004 prepared by Jean-Pierre Koutchouck*

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*identify measurement scenarios:* 

range of bunch parameters and beam patterns

• glossary: define what is meant by 'precision'

resolution; offset; scale error; non-linearity

[JJ Gras and JP Koutchouk; SL-Note-2001-039]





select a beam observable

list all beam parameters which can be derived from the observable and rate their usefulness and potential

describe measurement procedures

select the beam parameters which are most interesting for the machine operation and performance

derive a BPM specification from the above list of measurement procedures



**Beam Observables** 

#### single pass trajectory

TR

what needs to be measured with a single pas trajectory what are potential extended applications

beam oscillations sampled at one or several locations

TR

closed orbit measurements

CO



**Trajectory and Oscillation Cases** 

Parameters	Use	Symbol
trajectory	visual inspection	TR1
single pass trajectory	beam threading	TR2
	close trajectory on itself	TR3
injection error	subtract trajectory from CO	TR4
momentum error	average 1. turn trajectory	TR5
focusing errors	cell to cell trajectory	TR7
local chromaticity	cell to cell trajectory $+\delta_p$	TR8
transverse spectrum	driving terms	<b>TR</b> 11
fast tune measurement	FFT	TR12



**Closed Beam Orbit Cases** 

Parameters	Use	Symbol
closed orbit	visual inspection	CO1
closed orbit	orbit correction	CO2
local orbit at critical point	s orbit stabilisation	CO3
	collision steering	CO4
closed orbit at injection	injection correction	CO7
momentum error	average closed orbit	CO8
dispersion	closed orbit $+\delta_p$	CO9
optics model	measure $\beta$ and $\mu$	CO11
measure multipole error	feed down	CO13/CO14



**Beam Parameters I** 



bunch charge equivalent to proton pilot bunch



**Beam Parameters II** 







- → threading; 1. and 2. turn closure
- → momentum adjustment
- closed orbit adjustments
- collimators are positioned

#### *increase beam intensity to facilitate measurements:*

intermediate beam parameters  $\longrightarrow$  final orbit correction

final collimator settings



→ safe injection into a well adjusted machine



**Beam Parameters III** 

*intermediate beam parameters:* 

→ intensity should be upgradable to nominal beam parameters

→ bunch structure should not prevent long-range beam-beam

→ should be quick and easy to be produced by the injectors

▶ should provide precision close to the one for nominal operation



*intermediate beam parameters:* 

Assuming coarse setting of the collimators and decent we can increase the total intensity to approximately

(distributed losses only, increased heat reserve in He)

$$\rightarrow$$
 N = 2.5 • 10<sup>12</sup> protons

→ 1% of nominal intensity

► 30% of nominal PS batch intensity (injected bunch train)



Intermediate Beam Parameters

# **72** intermediate bunches: $N = 3.0 \cdot 10^{10}$ protons / per bunch





Intermediate Beam Parameters

#### *24 nominal bunches:*

```
N = 1.1 \cdot 10^{11} protons / per bunch
```





**Beam Parameters V** 

#### summary of beam types:

Beam	# Bunches	#Charges/ Bunch	Bunch Spacing
pilot	1	$5 \cdot 10^9$	88925ns
intermediate 2	25 72	$5 \cdot 10^9 \longrightarrow 1.1 \cdot 10^{11}$	25ns
intermediate 7	25 24	$5 \cdot 10^9 \longrightarrow 1.1 \cdot 10^{11}$	75ns
nominal 25	2808	$1.1 \bullet 10^{11}$	25ns
nominal 75	936	$1.1 \cdot 10^{11}$	75ns
ultimate	2808	$1.7 \bullet 10^{11}$	25ns
TOTEM	36	$1.1 \bullet 10^{11}$	2470ns
Pb Ion	608	$5 \cdot 10^9$	125ns/100ns



**Specification Criteria I** 

mechanical aperture:  $\epsilon_n = 3.75 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m} \longrightarrow \sigma = 1.2 \text{ mm}$  at injection energy collimator jaws at  $7\sigma$  and  $8.2\sigma$ →  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  -beat < 21% (25%) closed orbit (horizontal and vertical) < 4mm (3mm at 7TeV)</li> • parasitic dispersion:  $\Delta D_{x,y} < \frac{\beta_{x,y}}{\beta_{F,QF}} \cdot D_{x,QF} \cdot 0.3 (0.28)$ • momentum spread:  $\Delta p < +/-1.0 \cdot 10^{-3} (0.36 \cdot 10^{-3})$  $p_0$ momentum deviation:  $\frac{\Delta p}{2} < \pm 2.0 \cdot 10^{-3} (0.5 \cdot 10^{-3})$  $\mathbf{p}_0$ 





#### collimator positions:

- operation with collimators at all operation modes:
  - collimator positions:  $n_1 = 7\sigma; n_2 = 8.2\sigma$



dedicated collimators for injection protection: collimator positions:  $n_2 < n_{col,inj} < MA(MB)$ 

 $\rightarrow$  collimator positions must be controlled within 0.2  $\sigma$ 



**Functional Specification I** 

## distribution in the 2 machines:

- arc BPM's: each arc quadrupole is equipped with a horizontal and vertical BPM→ 45°sampling
  - $\rightarrow$  peak CO < 4mm [J. Miles LHC Project Note 76]
    - identical misalignment for successive QF and QD[LEP]

# measurement of $\beta$ -beat in a 90° lattice

[P. Castro-Garcia, CERN SL/96-70]



**Functional Specification I** 

## distribution in the 2 machines:

triplet BPM's: each triplet quadrupole is equipped with a horizontal and vertical BPM

#### LHC: small phase advance but large change in $\beta$

- → Q1: measurement of crossing angle [S. Fartoukh]
- → Q2: measuring the maximum orbit in one plane

#### Q3: measure the orbit maximum in the other plane



## **Optic Functions at the IP's**

# • *the collision optics in IR5:* $\beta^* = 0.5$ meter





**Functional Specification I** 

## distribution in the 2 machines:

D1/D2: two BPM's are installed in the long drift space between D1 and D2

LHC: small phase advance but large change in  $\beta$ 

tune accurately the crossing angle bump

decouple the closed orbit correction in the rings
and the common sections of the two beams



**IR5 Crossing Angle Bump** 

mixed crossing angle scheme: 30% independent + 70% common





**Functional Specification I** 

## distribution in the 2 machines:

- collimator regions: BPM's are installed on each side of each warm quadrupole
  - (e.g. at the drift spaces were collimators are installed)
    - → minimum configuration that allows a linear
      - interpolation of the closed orbit, dispersion and
        - $\beta$  functions







**Functional Specification I** 

distribution in the 2 machines:

special BPM's:

if all BPMs do not turn out to be equally performing the 'best' BPMs will be installed in key positions

→ at the junctions between arc and insertions

(BPMs with lowest non-linearity)

at the junctions of the two rings
(BPMs with largest accuracy)



**Functional Specification II** 

time resolution of the BPMs:

- bunch to bunch (40MHz):
  - possibility of measuring beam parameters over one batch (detuning with amplitude in 1 shot, beam-beam etc)

→ required only at a few locations of the machine: Q4, Q6, Q7

- batch to batch (140kHz):
  - injection constraints

(injection fluctuations / drifts)





**Functional Specification III** 

#### transverse dynamic range of the BPMs:

	closed	momentum	x-ing	beam	range	range
	orbit	deviation	angle	σ	1	2
standard	+/- 4	+/- 2		+/-1.2	+/-15	+/-18
BPM's	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm
triplet	+/ <b>-</b> 4	+/- 1	+/- 7	+/-1.5	+/-23	+/-27
BPM's	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm



**Functional Specification IV** 

## *longitudinal dynamic range of the BPMs:*



#### the BPM reading must not be sensitive to the bunch length for:

 $0.2ns < t_{bunch} (rms) < 0.8ns$ 



**Functional Specification V** 

dynamic range of the BPMs:





high precision:

 $3 \cdot 10^{10} < N_{\text{bunch}} < 1.7 \cdot 10^{11}$ 



**Functional Specification VI** 

**precision**:

$$\mathbf{x}_{\text{measured}} - \mathbf{x}_{\text{true}} = \Delta + k\mathbf{x}_{\text{true}} + \boldsymbol{\psi}_{\text{true}} \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \sum_{j \leq k} \alpha_{kj} \mathbf{x}_{\text{true}}^{k-j} \cdot \mathbf{y}_{\text{true}}^{k} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$$

- $\Delta$ : offset
- k: scale error
- $\psi$ : roll error
- $\alpha$ : non-linearity
- **ɛ**: noise

- uncertainty -> rms error
- peak error =  $2 \cdot \text{rms error}$
- in calculating tolerances the maximum perturbation is retained



# **Functional Specification VII**

Measurement	pilot	accuracy	scale	offset	non-linear	resolution
TR4	*	500µm	+	NR	+	+
TR5		250µm	+	NR	+	+
TR7	*	400µm	+	NR	+	+
TR8	*	50µm	4%	NR	+	+
<b>TR</b> 11			NR	NR	500µm	50µm
CO2	*	500µm	+	250µm		+
CO3		20µm	NR	NR	NR	+
<b>CO7</b>			+	100µm	200µm	1000µm
<b>CO</b> 14		10µm	+	NR	+	5µm



**Functional Specification VII** 

**precision:** 

Goal	Coarse (pilot pulse)	high (other than pilot)	
scale error	not relevant	+/- 4%	
roll error	not relevant	+/- 1 mrad	
offset	+/-750 μm	+/-100 μm arc / 30 μm IR	
no-linear	not relevant	200µ m / (500µ m R1)	
resolution	200 µ m	50 µm traject / 5µm orbit	



**Functional Specification VIII** 

## repeatability and reproducibility:

bunch to bunch (due to transients in the BPM electronics):
+/-400 µm for the coarse accuracy (-> 10% of closed orbit)
+/-100 µm for the coarse accuracy (-> 0.1 σ; pacman bunch)

run to run:

 $\rightarrow$  +/-100 µm for coarse collimator settings (-> 0.5  $\sigma$  )

 $\rightarrow$  +/-20 µm for precise collimator settings



**Functional Specification IX** 

response time:

Measurement	Information block	Response	Methods	
single shot	1 orbit / trajectory	1 sec	TR2,3,5,7,11 CO2,5,8	
difference	2 orbits/ trajectories	2 sec	TR4,8; CO9	
repeated diff	n orbits/ trajectories	n sec	TR9	
monitoring	orbit	5 msec	TR7,8,11; CO2	
snapshot (224)	orbit / trajectory	2 sec	CO9,13,14	